

Terminología de la notación musical

I. Alturas

1. Notas

Español	Francés	Inglés	Alemán
do	ut, do	C	C
re	ré	D	D
mi	mi	E	E
fa	fa	F	F
sol	sol	G	G
la	la	A	A
si	si	B	H
si ♭			B

2. Alteraciones

♮	becuadro	bécarre	natural	Auflösungzeichen
#	sostenido	dièse	sharp	Kreuz
♭	bemol	bémol	flat	Be
×	doble sostenido	double-dièse	double-sharp	Doppelkreuz
𝄪	doble bemol	double-bémol	double-flat	Doppelbe
	(alteraciones)	(altérations)	(accidentals)	(Versetzungszeichen, Akzidenzien)

3. Claves comunes

	clave de sol	clef de sol	treble clef	Violinschlüssel G-Schlüssel
	clave de do 3ª y 4ª línea	clef d'ut 3 ^e et 4 ^e ligne	alto clef tenor clef	Altschlüssel Tenorschlüssel
	clave de fa	clef de fa	bass clef	Bassschlüssel

4. Armadura de clave

armure

key signature

Vorzeichen



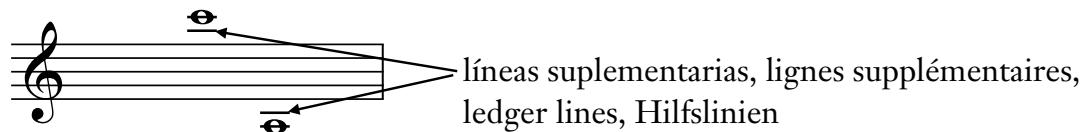
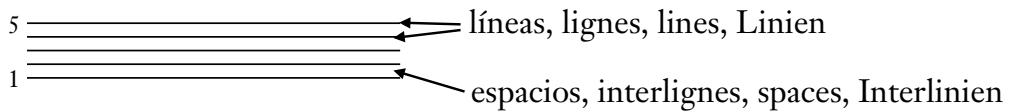
5. Pentagrama

numeración

portée

staff

Notenlinien



pentagrama de percusión, portée de percussion, percussion staff

II. Tiempo

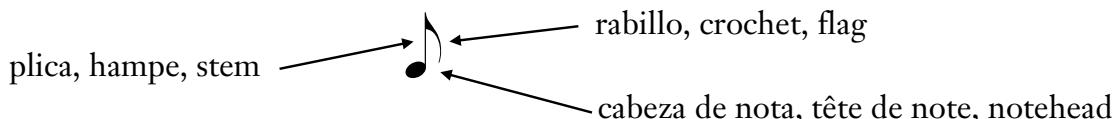
1. Figuras de notas

inglés norteamericano y *británico*

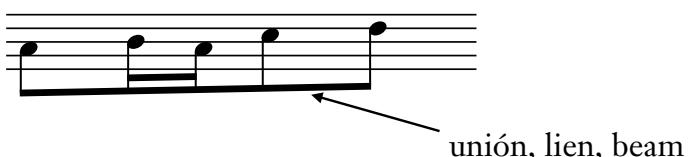
	cuadrada	carrée	double whole note, <i>breve</i>
o	redonda	ronde	whole note, <i>semibreve</i>
♪	blanca	blanche	half note, <i>minim</i>
♪	negra	noire	quarter note, <i>crotchet</i>
♪	corchea	croche	eighth note, <i>quaver</i>
♪	semicorchea	double-croche	sixteenth note, <i>semiquaver</i>
♪	fusa	triple-croche	thirty-second note, <i>demisemiquaver</i>
♪	semifusa	quadruple-croche	sixty-fourth note <i>hemidemisemiquaver</i>
♪	garrapatea	quintuple-croche	hundred twenty-eighth note <i>quasihemidemisemiquaver</i>

Inglés norteamericano: traducción de la terminología alemana.

Elementos de una figura:



Unión de figuras:



2. Figuras de Silencios

inglés norteamericano y *británico*

	silencio de:	(silences)	(rests)
■	cuadrada	bâton de pause	double whole rest, <i>breve rest</i>
-	redonda	pause	whole rest, <i>semibreve rest</i>
-	blanca	demi-pause	half rest, <i>minim rest</i>
♪	negra	soupir	quarter rest, <i>crotchet rest</i>
♩	corchea	demi-soupir	eighth rest, <i>quaver rest</i>
♫	semicorchea	quart de soupir	sixteenth rest, <i>semiquaver rest</i>
♪♪	fusa	huitième de soupir	thirty-second rest, <i>demisemiquaver rest</i>
♪♪♪	semifusa	seizième de soupir	sixty-fourth rest <i>hemidemisemiquaver rest</i>
♪♪♪♪	garrapatea	trente-deuxième de soupir	hundred twenty-eighth rest, <i>quasihemidemisemiquaver rest</i>

3. Signos de prolongación



puntillo

point

dot



ligadura

liaison

tie



calderón

point d'orgue

fermata

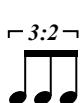
4. Tresillos & al.



n-sillo

n-uplet

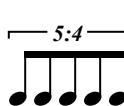
tuplet



dosillo

duolet

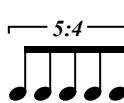
duplet



tresillo

triolet

triplet



quintillo

quintolet

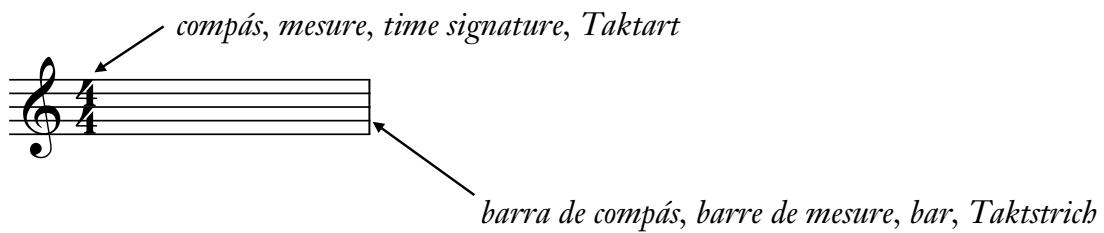
quintuplet

5. Compás

Mesure

Measure

Takt



pulso: temps, beat, Schlag

bpm: pulsos por minuto, battements par minute, beats per minute, Schläge pro Minute

Partitura Partition Score

Amadeo Roldán

Rítmicas

Nº 1

Sistema de pentagramas

Système de portées

Staff System

A musical score page featuring five staves: Flute, Oboe, Clarinet, Bassoon, and Horn in F. The score includes dynamic markings like p and mf , and various musical markings such as ties, slurs, and expression ligatures. The bassoon staff is grouped with the others by a brace. A bracket labeled "llave" groups the first four staves. The tempo is indicated as $\downarrow = 96$.

Flute

Oboe

Clarinet

Fagot

Corno en Fa

Piano

$\downarrow = 96$

p

mf

llave
accolade
brace

corchete
crochet
bracket

ligadura de prolongación
liaison de prolongation
tie

ligadura de expresión
liaison d'expression
slur

Flauta

Partichela (particella)
Partie
Part

silencio multicompa
s pause multi-mesures
multi-measure rest

Rítmicas N°1
Amadeo Roldán

The sheet music for Flute (Flauta) consists of ten staves of musical notation. The tempo is indicated as $\text{♩} = 96$. The first staff begins with a dynamic p and a measure in 2/4 time. The second staff starts at measure 10, with a dynamic p and a measure in 3/8 time. The third staff starts at measure 14, with a dynamic mf and a measure in 3/4 time. The fourth staff starts at measure 40, with a dynamic f and a measure in 3/4 time. The fifth staff starts at measure 60, with a dynamic p and a measure in 2/4 time. The sixth staff starts at measure 70, with a dynamic f and a measure in 3/4 time. The seventh staff starts at measure 80, with a dynamic p and a measure in 3/4 time. The eighth staff starts at measure 90, with a dynamic mf and a measure in 3/4 time. The ninth staff starts at measure 100, with a dynamic f and a measure in 3/4 time. The tenth staff ends with a dynamic sf .